|le savoir vivant|

Course directory 2019.2020 school of biology (FBM-BIO) master

> Biology > Master of Science (MSc) in Molecular Life Sciences

UNIL | Université de Lausanne

SUMMARY

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This course catalogue was produced using data from the *SylviaAcad* information system of the University of Lausanne. Its database contains all information about courses proposed by the different faculties and their times. This data can also be consulted online at the address :

https://applicationspub.unil.ch/interpub/noauth/php/Ud/index.php.

Web site of the faculty : http://www.unil.ch/ecoledebiologie/

Generated on : 26.11.2020

NAME OF THE COURSE Teacher Type of course Status Hours per week Teaching language Hours per year Semester Credits V: N: Levels P: Programme requirements O: Objective

- C: Content
- B: Bibliography
- I: Additional information

ABBREVIATIONS

TYPE OF COURSE

Attest.	Attestation
С	Course
C/S	Course - seminar
Ср	Camp
E	Exercises
Exc	Excursion
Lg	Guided lecture
S	Seminar
Т	Fieldwork
TP	Practical work

STATUS

Fac	Facultative
Obl	Compulsory
Opt	Optional
Fac/Comp/Opt	t Facultative, compulsory or optional
	(according to the study programme)

SEMESTER

Sp	Spring
А	Autumn

Ecole de biologie

Master of Science in Molecular Life Sciences 2019-2020

Abbreviations

Exercise/Seminar

PW = Practical Work

C = Course E/S =

The Master program has a normal duration of 3 semesters and comprises 90 ECTS :

- 16 ECTS : Module 1 (Compulsory courses (7 ECTS) + Optional courses (9 ECTS))

- 14 ECTS : Module 2 (First Step Project)

- 15 ECTS : Module 3 (Compulsory courses (6 ECTS) + Optional courses (9 ECTS))

- 45 ECTS : Personal research project (Master Thesis)

Training objectives are available in its programme regulations.

Specific training objectives: At the end of the course the students will be able to:

Specialisation in Integrative Biology

Mobilise multidisciplinary knowledge to design experiments that can involve the various levels of structural and functional organisation of the living.
Interpret data resulting from multiple phenomena: from the cell to the organism as a whole, in its normal and pathological states.

<u>Specialisation in Bioinformatics</u> • Design experiments to analyse and understand genetic and genomic data. • Mobilise in-depth knowledge of statistics and bioinformatics applied to biology.

· Use computer programming techniques.

Specialisation in Microbiology • Mobilise in-depth knowledge in microbiology, genetics and genomics covering aspects of environmental microbiology, microbial ecology, biotechnology, cell microbiology, microbial pathogenesis, bacteriology, fungal biology, yeast models, epidemiology or synthetic biology.

Condition to obtain the specialisation / Condition pour obtenir une spécialisation
Specialisation Integrative Biology : Obtain at least 18 ECTS credits in any field of study in Modules 1 and 3. Free choice for the First Step Project (Module 2) and the Master Thesis (Module 4).
Specialisation Bioinformatics : Obtain 9 ECTS credits in the field of Bioinformatics (marked in dark blue) in Module 1 and 9 ECTS credits in any field of study in Module 3 Carry out the First Step Project (Module 2) and the Master Thesis (Module 4) in the field of Bioinformatics. Produce a significant computer program, in the context of any Module.
Specialisation Microbiology :

Obtain 12 ECTS credits in the field of Microbiology (marked in yellow) and 6 ECTS credits in any field of study in Modules 1 and 3.

Free choice for the First Step Project (Module 2). Carry out the Master Thesis (Module 4) in the field of Microbiology.

Autumn Semester (semester 1)

Courses / Enseignements	Hours per semester Teaching Staff		Teaching Staff	ECTS	Limited nb	
		E/S			Credits	of students
Consul and common pathilities - Commulating /						
General and common activities - Compulsory / Activités générales et communes - Obligatoires						
Retreat and BIG Seminars					1	1
Retraite et séminaires BIG	-	-	-	Benton R.,		
Sequence a Genome I				Engel P.,	_	
Séquençage d'un génome l	14	30	-	van der Meer J., tutors	3	
Wite a Review				Benton R.,	-	
Rédaction d'une revue	15	-	42	tutors	4	
Critical Readings of Scientific Literature						
Lectures critiques de la littérature scientifique	-	-	56			
Subtotal	29	30	98		7	
Optional (at least 9 credits)						
Optionnel (minimum 9 crédits)	10	7		Robinson M.	1,5	
Advanced Quantitative Genetics (MSc BEC-CEE)	10	/	-		1,5	
Génétique quantitative avancée					_	
Biotechnology	14	-	-	Poirier Y., Resch G.	1,5	
Biotechnologie Development of the Nervous System					_	
	14	-	-	Braissant O.	1,5	
Développement du système nerveux Molecular Mechanisms of Evolution						
Mécanismes moléculaires de l'évolution	14	-	-	Benton R., Geldner N.	1,5	
Plant Functional Genetics					-	
Génétique fonctionnelle des plantes	14	-	-	Poirier Y.	1,5	
Scientific Research in all its Forms (for Biology) (Sciences2 - in French only)					-	
La recherche dans tous ses états (pour biologie) (Sciences2)	14	-	-	Preissmann D.	1,5	
Introduction to R (optional support)						
Introduction à R (mise à niveau optionnelle)	-	-	-	Schütz F.		
Data Analysis (compulsory for Bioinformatics specialisation)						
Analyses de données	6	-	6	Robinson M.	2	
Advanced Data Analysis (compulsory for Bioinformatics specialisation)				Robinson M.,		
Analyses de données : niveau avancé	6	-	6	Bergmann S., Ciriello G.	2,5	
Case Studies in Bioinformatics (compulsory for Bioinformatics specialisation)						
Etudes de cas en bioinformatique	4	32	-	Bergmann S., others	2,5	
Programming for Bioinformatics (compulsory for Bioinformatics specialisation)	-			a		
Programmation pour bioinformatique	7	14	-	Salamin N.	2	
Advanced Microbial Genetics						
Génétique avancée des microbes	14	-	-	Collier J., Pelet S.	1,5	
Bacterial Genomes and Genome Evolution				and the Marca I	4.5	
Génomes bactériens et évolution du génome	14	-	-	van der Meer J.	1,5	
Fungal Virulence and Pathogenicity	4.4			Seveland D. Lewisth F. Hausen D.	4.5	
Pathogénicité et virulence fongique	14	-	-	Sanglard D., Lamoth F., Hauser P.	1,5	
Immunology and Infectious Diseases	14			Borror T. Borrou M. Di Domizio	1,5	
Immunologie et maladies infectieuses	14	-	-	Roger T., Perreau M., Di Domizio J.	1,5	
Plant Interactions with Microbes and Insects				Keel C., Reymond P.	1,5	
Interactions des plantes avec les microbes et les insectes				iteer e., reynond r	1,5	
Virus-Host Interactions	14		_	Kunz S., Gouttenoire J.	1,5	
Interactions virus-hôtes	14			tanz el, soutenoire e.	1,0	
Total					16	

Practical Project / Travail pratique First Step Project -250 Benton R. Travail d'initiation à la recherche

14

BIOLOGICAL SECURITY

Patrick Michaux

С	Obl	English	2
А			

N: Master

- P: A basic knowledge of microbiology and vegetal science
- O: To familiarise future researchers with legislation concerning genetic engineering. In addition, possible biological risks associated to different applications of this technology will be discussed with the help of examples. This teaching is a mandatory prerequisite for First-Step.
- C: * Legislation: article 24 of the Federal Constitution; law concerning environmental protection; law concerning epidemics; ordnance on protection against major accidents; Swiss commissions on biological security: notification and registration of projects.

* Biological security in the laboratory: containment; security equipment; technical measures: laboratory construction; standard laboratory (microbiological) practice; classification of biological material: plasmids, microorganisms, cell lines, primary cells; security levels 1-4.

* Release of genetically modified bacteria in the environment: monitoring, survival and dissemination, ecological impact, transfer of genes, containment systems.

* Potential biological risks associated with the use of transgenic plants: dissemination, cross-pollination, gene transfer.

* The problem of recombinant vaccines: vectors, DNA vaccines.

- * Somatic genetic therapy I: Illnesses accessible to treatment by somatic genetic therapy, gene transfer methods.
- * Somatic genetic therapy II: Evaluation of the biological risk for the patient and his environment.

RETREAT AND BIG SEMINARS

Richard Benton, Sophie Martin

СР	Obl	English	18
А			
S	Obl	English	3
А			
S		English	3
S			

N: Master

O: Research seminars are a very important mode of communication/information sharing in the scientific community. The goal is to get students exposed to this important part of life of a scientist. The goal of the MLS Master Retreat is to inform students about courses, labs in which they can perform their experiments and other practical aspects related to the programme. Each year we also invite a speaker from the non-academic research world (e.g. Nestlé, Novartis). We also initiate the "Write-a-Review" course during the retreat.

C: BIG seminars: seminar series given by world-class scientists. MLS retreat: 1 and a half days in the mountains for conferences, courses and discussions.

SEQUENCE A GENOME (PART I)

Philipp Engel

С	Obl	English	14
А	3.00		
E	Obl	English	30
А			
N: Mastor			

N: Master

O: The goals of this class are to understand and practice the road map of sequencing, assembly and annotating a (bacterial) genome.

C: The class is a combination of both practical aspects, theory, bioinformatics and presentation of genome analysis. We will work in small student groups.

The class starts with a short introduction on the biology of the microorganisms to be sequenced, introductions to high-throughput sequence technology and assembly.

After that a number of sessions in bioinformatics follow, first to learn to communicate in Unix, then to run assemblies on the sequence data sets produced by LGF.

We will teach and practice annotation and subsystems analysis.

In the second (8th) semester, the class is followed with another practical part, annotation of the major important functions in the genome and presentation of results.

I: http://www.unil.ch/sequenceagenome/

WRITE A REVIEW

Richard Benton

С	Obl	English	15
А	4.00		
ТР	Obl	English	42
IF	UDI	English	72
A	ODI		

O: Establish the current state of the art in a chosen research field. Formulate the current knowledge in the form of a review article. Learn basic aspects of scientific writing. Learn how to work as a team.

C: Students form groups of 2-3 and work under the guidance of an expert of the field (the tutor) to write a review article. Students have to follow precise guidelines regarding the review format. Further information will be provided at the MLS Retreat and via the MLS Moodle.

ADVANCED QUANTITATIVE GENETICS

Matthew Robinson

С	Obl/Opt	English	10
А	1.50		
E	Obl/Opt	English	7
А			

N: Master

P: No prior knowledge is assumed. If you have an open mind and wish to be exposed to a series of new concepts then this is the course for you.

- O: This module focuses on the genetics and analysis of quantitative traits, with emphasis on estimation and prediction analyses using genetic markers and sequence data. The focus in on human populations, but the concepts discussed and analyses described are relevant to understanding the genetic basis of any trait in any population. The goal is to understand how genetics shapes phenotypic variation within populations and the learn how we can describe and estimate these effects. This course also cover how we can use the estimates we gain to (i) predict the likelihood that a patient develops a disease, (ii) create a personalised approach to medicine, (iii) to grow and rear better food, or (iv) to predict how organisms will respond to changing climatic conditions.
- C: Topics will include: the resemblance between relatives; estimation of genetic variance associated with genomewide identity by descent; principles, statistical power and analysis of GWAS for quantitative traits; the use of individual-level and summary-level GWAS data to estimate and partition genetic variation; principles, pitfalls and statistical methods for prediction analyses using genetic markers.

Each 1.5 hour lecture session starts with a 5-10 minute recap of all previous sessions and ends with a 'wrap-up' session that promotes class participation through questions and discussions.

Lectures are interactive, including active learning measures such as group-based white-board problem solving exercises, peer-instruction exercises, and in-class demos using simple R scripts.

We aim to further engage participants by following each lecture with a series of computer exercises that provide hands-on experience of implementing a variety of cutting edge approaches using R, PLINK and GCTA, in a series of case-based problem solving exercises. All computer practicals are accompanied by a detailed R script and corresponding pdf with solutions.

BI	OTECHN	OLOGY			Yves Poirier
	С	Opt		English	14
	А	1.50			
N:	Master				
P:	None				
0:		ure to some them and the biotechno		nimal, plant and microbial biotechnologies as well isiness.	as to aspects relating to
C:	What is bic What is a p How do un Some exam Biopolymen Pollutant re Biofactorie: Biosensors Agriculture Bacterioph Red biotect Genome ec External sp	iversities and scie apples of themes in emediation and transgenesis age therapy anology (e.g. for in diting technology eakers with expen	what is eful to s ntists va biotecl nedical (CRISPF tise in 1	it good for? submit one as a biologist? alorize their research findings? hnology will be: use)	ology and working in the

B: Introduction to Biotechnology, 2nd edition W.J. Thieman and M. A. Palladino Pearson International Edition

DEVELOPMENT OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM С English 14 Opt А 1.50 N: Master O: Molecular and cellular mechanisms of brain development in vertebrates, including the main pathologies affecting CNS development. Important accent on the various experimental models used to analyze vertebrate CNS

- C: The course is teached on 14 hours (3x 4h lecture, 1x 2h article presentations by students). the course is subdivided in 8 sub-chapters :
 - 1 : CNS cell types & brain metabolism.

development, both in vivo and in vitro.

- 2 : Experimental models for the developing brain.
- 3 : Early development of vertebrate CNS.
- 4 : Neural crests and peripheral nervous system.
- 5 : Fundamental principles of CNS development.
- 6 : Molecular aspects of CNS development.
- 7 : Isolation and contacts between CNS and periphery.
- 8 : Pathologies of CNS development

Students have also to prepare and present recent articles on these thematics.

Olivier Braissant

LIST OF COURSES

MOLECULAR MECHANISMS OF EVOLUTION

Richard Benton

	С	Opt	English	14
	А	1.50		
N:	Master			
P:	Students sh	ould have a solic	background in molecular genetics and developmenta	l/cell biology.
0:	species, usi What are th - how do yo What are th - what kind What is the - how do th Are there co	ng examples from the specific genetion to identify these the functional char s of changes are origin of the fur the properties of p	ctional variation in natural populations? opulations influence evolution? . in how evolution works across species and across tra	
C:			(which will be made available on MyUNIL) will be read course, spanning the larger scientific context and the e	

PL	PLANT FUNCTIONAL GENETICS						
				Yves Poirier			
	С	Opt	English	14			
	А	1.50					
N:	Master						
P:	Good unde	erstanding of mole	cular biology				
0:		erview of the spec various aspects of	rum of genetic and genomic tools used to isolate plant biology	e and decipher the role of genes			
C:	Agrobacted Transient v Inducible p Viral vector Transforma B Tools use Mutagenes		ation everse genetics ng				

RNAi Homologous recombination Genome editing

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH IN ALL ITS FORMS

Delphine Preissmann

	С	Opt	2	French	14
	А	1.50			
N:	Master				
P:	* Bachelor * Passive k	degree nowledge of Frenc	h		
0:	- Synthesiz	e information from	ic methods from different disciplines ults from one acaden		

C: This course offers a multidisciplinary perspective on decision making. While addressing this topic, speakers from different faculties will shed light on their own way of practicing research.

I: http://www.unil.ch/sciencesaucarre/page86487.html

DATA ANALYSIS

Matthew Robinson

С	Obl/Opt	English	6
А	2.00		
TP	Obl/Opt	English	6
А			
N: Master			

P: We assume nothing more than the mathematics you would have obtained in your studies when you were 18.

O: In this course the goal is to be able to formulate hypotheses properly, design experiments, whether in the laboratory, in a clinic, or in the filed, that have sufficient power to test these hypotheses, conduct appropriate statistical tests of the data generated, generate clear figures, and interpret the results obtained.

C: We will cover:

1. Distributions and random variables

2. Variance, covariance and measures of association

3. Constructing statistical tests using distributions

4. Regression

5. Non-linear regression

ADVANCED DATA ANALYSIS

Matthew Robinson

С	Obl/Opt	English	6
А	2.50		
TP	Obl/Opt	English	6
А			

N: Master

P: You must have attended the first data analysis course, or convince me that you are competent at basic statistical analyses.

O: The aim of this course is to build upon the data analysis course, to prepare you to handle a range of different data and more complex analysis problems.

C: In this course we will cover:

1. Repeated measures models and mixed effects models.

2. Survival analyses

3. Bayesian statistical inference

LIST OF COURSES

CASE STUDIES IN BIOINFORMATICS

Sven Bergmann

С	Opt	English	4
А	2.50		
E	Opt	English	32
А			

N: Master

PROGRAMMING FOR BIOINFORMATICS

Nicolas Salamin

С	Obl/Opt	English	7
А	2.00		
F	Obl/Opt	English	14
L	ουνορι	English	14
A	ObvOpt		14

P: There are not prerequisites for this course. The students are however expected to be familiar with computers. They should have a good understanding of the functioning of a computer (hardware components, operating system/file system). A basic knowledge of UNIX/LINUX would be good, although it is not essential. It will be necessary to install the following software on your own laptop: - python3 with the modules numpy and biopython - a text editor with syntax highlighting (simple one or IDE) - for windows user: a terminal environment (e.g. cygwin or MinGW)

C: We will cover the following aspects of programing in Python:1) basic syntax2) data types in Python

ADVANCED MICROBIAL GENETICS

Justine Collier Close, Serge Pelet

	С	Opt	English	14
	А	1.50		
N:	Master			
P:	- Bachelor	course "Génétiqu	Moléculaire des Bactéries" - Bachelor course "Génétic	que des modèles eukaryotes "
O:	 Think logically about experimental approaches. Illustrate how cleverly designed genetic experiments can provide answers to fundamental problems. Learn about new technology developments in genome-wide screens. Read the scientific literature critically. 			

C: - Lecture on prokaryotic genetics (JC)

- Lecture on eukaryotic genetics (SP)

- Assisted and critical reading of publications

BACTERIA GENOMES AND GENOME EVOLUTION

Jan Roelof van der Meer

С	Opt	English	14
А	1.50		

N: Master

O: Discover bacterial genome evolution at the example of life in the ocean, in particular that of the 'Prochlorococcus federation' of phototrophic bacteria.

Learn how to interpret genomic data and bacterial metabolism with the help of online databases.

C: The class is a mix of subjects that are introduced by the teacher, classical reading and self-working in class, notably by interrogating metabolic databases

1) Overview of utilities for interpretation of bacterial genomes (databases, online programs) - Self-learning and practise using specific examples

2) History of discoveries in bacterial genome evolution at the example of the Prochlorococcus federation of species in the oceans

3) Understanding bacterial genome evolution (literature reading)

B: Ad hoc research articles.

FUNGAL VIRULENCE AND PATHOGENICITY

Dominique Sanglard

С	Opt	English	14
А	1.50		

N: Master

O: The lecture will illustrate the importance of different human fungal pathogens and give their principal characteristics. General principles of fungal pathogenesis will be given with illustrative examples

C: A first part of the lecture will be given by D. Sanglard (8h)

1) Characteristics of principal fungal pathogens

Candida, Cryptococcus, Aspergillus, Pneumocystis, Dermatophytes

2) Fungal cell walls: interface with the environment

3) Host/pathogen interactions, virulence and dimorphism

4) Strategies of fungi used for host survival

5) Papers discussions

A second part will be given by P. Hauser:

Pneumocystis and dimorphic fungal pathogens

1) Presentation of the medical aspects, epidemiology, virulence factors, and pathogenicity of Pneumocystis jirovecii and dimorphic fungal pathogens (2 h).

2) Analysis of a research related article (1 h)

3) Demonstration in the laboratory of the methods used for identification and drug sensitivity measurement of clinically important fungi (1 h).

A third part will be given by M. Monod:

1) Aspergilli

2) Relevance of aspasrtic proteases in virulence (2h)

3) Demonstration in the laboratory of the methods used for identification of clinically important fungi (1 h)

4) Analysis of a research related article (1 h).

LIST OF COURSES

IMMUNOLOGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Thierry Roger

С	Opt	English	14
А	1.50		

N: Master

B: Lecture 1-3:

- Janeway's Immunobiology 9th Edition, Kindle Edition. Chapters 1, 2 and 3.

- The Third International Consensus Definitions for Sepsis and Septic Shock (Sepsis-3). Singer M, Deutschman CS, Seymour CW, Shankar-Hari M, Annane D, Bauer M, Bellomo R, Bernard GR, Chiche JD, Coopersmith CM, Hotchkiss RS, Levy MM, Marshall JC, Martin GS, Opal SM, Rubenfeld GD, van der Poll T, Vincent JL, Angus DC. JAMA. 2016 Feb 23;315(8):801-10. PMID: 26903338

- Sepsis and septic shock. Hotchkiss RS Moldawer LL, Opal SM, Reinhart K, Turnbull IR, Vincent JL et al. Nat Rev Dis Primers. 2016 Jun 30;2:16045. PMID: 28117397

- The immunopathology of sepsis and potential therapeutic targets. van der Poll T, van de Veerdonk FL, Scicluna BP, Netea MG. Nat Rev Immunol. 2017 Jul;17(7):407-420. PMID: 28436424

- Host-directed therapies for bacterial and viral infections. Kaufmann SHE, Dorhoi A, Hotchkiss RS, Bartenschlager R. Nat Rev Drug Discov. 2018 Jan;17(1):35-56. PMID: 28935918

- Advances in the understanding and treatment of sepsis-induced immunosuppression. Venet F, Monneret G. Nat Rev Nephrol. 2018 Feb;14(2):121-137. PMID: 29225343

- https://www.world-sepsis-day.org/

Lecture 4 :

- Wherry et al., Molecular and cellular insights into T cell exhaustion, Nature Reviews in Immunology 2015

- Pitman et al., Barriers and strategies to achieve a cure for HIV, The Lancet, 2018

Lecture 5 :

- The NIH Human Microbiome Project http://commonfund.nih.gov/hmp/

- Gensollen T, How colonization by microbiota in early life shapes the immune system, Science. 2016 Apr 29;352(6285):539-44.

LIST OF COURSES

PLANT INTERACTIONS WITH MICROBES AND INSECTS

Christoph Keel

С	Opt	English	14
А	1.50		

N: Master

O: to provide students with knowledge on how intricate interactions between plants and beneficial or detrimental organisms are operating at the molecular level

C: Part C. Keel

"Molecular basis of host specificity in phytopthogenic bacteria"

The course illustrates the sophisticated molecular mechanisms by which plant pathogenic bacteria subvert plant defense mechanisms, focusing on bacterial injection devices (type III secretion systems) and virulence and avirulence proteins delivered directly into the plant host cell. The effector injection machinery of the plant pathogens is compared to that of human pathogenic bacteria to highlight the conservation of the virulence strategy. Part P. Reymond

"Molecular study of plant-insects interactions"

The course describes the molecular mechanisms by which a plant detects the presence of an herbivore attack and responds to it by inducing hundreds of genes. It presents recent findings on the suppression of plant defense responses by insects. Finally, examples of insects that are useful for defending plants against other enemies are provided.

Exercise: Students designing research

In a final part of the course, students will design research approaches based on the topics presented during the three lecture parts and on questions provided by the lecturers. Student inputs will be discussed collectively, with the aim to highlight common and contrasting aspects occurring during interaction of microbes and insects with plants.

VIRUS-HOST INTERACTIONS

Stefan Kunz

	С	Opt	English	14	
	А	1.50			
N:	Master				
P:	Cours virolo	gie générale 5th	mester (20 hours) Kunz		
0:	To understand fundamental principles of virus-host interaction at an advanced level. To understand basic principles of virus cell pathology. To understand the molecular and cellular mechanisms of innate anti-viral immunity, including pathogen recognition, signaling, and the cellular interferon response. To understand the basic principles of viral pathogenesis at the systemic level.				
C:	Innate defer Receptors au The interfere Virus infectiv Virus invasic Anti-viral de Basic princip Viral pathog	nse against viruse nd signaling of in on response on and anti-viral on of the central offense in the nerv oles of cellular an genesis at the leve	ate anti-viral defense efense in the nervous system (S. Kunz) rvous system		
B:	Sera donnée	e lors du cours			

FIRST STEP PROJECT

Richard Benton, Marie-Christine Broillet, Antoine Guisan, Tadeusz Kawecki, Laurent Lehmann, Marc Robinson-Rechavi

TP	Obl	English	224
А	15.00		
TP	Obl	English	282
А	15.00		
TP	Obl	English	250
А	14.00		
TP	Obl	English	224
А	15.00		
TP	Obl	English	224
А	15.00		
TP	Obl	English	224
А	15.00		

N: Master

P: Practicals performed during the bachelor (molecular biology, genetics, biochemistry, bioinformatics)

O: - An initiation to the work of a scientist

- Conduct experimental work in research lab (wet bench or in silico)

- Interpretation of research results

- Implement basic principles in experimental design (e.g. include the appropriate controls, statistical significance of the results etc...)

- Present your experimental work in a written report which will be organized like a typical research article (intruduction, results, discussion, materials and methods)

- present your work orally (seminar style)

C: Perform laboratory work for about 12 weeks during the time when the student does not follow theoretical classes. This research project will typically be performed under the guidance of a PhD student or a post-doc from the host laboratory. UNIL | Université de Lausanne Ecole de biologie . .

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Courses / Enseignements		ours p emest	ter	Teaching Staff	ECTS Credits	Limite
	С	E/S	PW			
neral and common activities - Compulsory /						
ctivités générales et communes - Obligatoire						
equence a Genome II	1				1	
Séquençage d'un génome II	14	28	-	Engel P., van der Meer J., tutors	3	
/rite a Fellowship				Benton R.,		
Rédaction d'une demande de bourse	7	-	-	tutors	3	
Subtot	al 21	28	•		6	
ional (choice → 9 credits) * /						
ptionnel (choix -> 9 crédits)*						
enomics, Proteomics and Quantitative Genetics	1			Franken P., Tafti M.,	1	1
Génomique, protéomique et génétique quantitative	24	-	-	Quadroni M., Marquis J., Gambetta M.C.	3	
erbivory : Why is the Earth Green ?	24	-	-	Farmer E.	3	
Herbivorie : pourquoi la terre est verte ?						
lant and Animal Domestication : from History to Molecular Mechanisms	12	12	-	Hardtke C., Soyk S.	3	
Domestication des animaux et des plantes : de l'histoire aux mécanismes moléculaires				Kerfman A. Demond D		
cientific Communication - Scientific Hands-on Workshop Module (in French only, MSc BEC)	8	-	20	Kaufmann A., Reymond P., Ducoulombier D., Trouilloud S.	3	
Médiation scientifique - module atelier scientifique (MSc BEC)				Ducoulombler D., Trouilloud S.		
TK1 Module : Training in Animal Experimentation **	20	-	20	Broillet MC.	1,5	
Module LTK1 : expérimentation animale **						
eminars Biology and Integrative Genetics (BIG)	-	-	-	Martin S.	-	
Séminaires Biologie et Génétique Intégratives (BIG) esign and Build a Synthetic Biological System II (iGEM Project)						
Concevoir et construire un système biologique synthétique II (projet iGEM)	8	16	-	Schaerli Y.	-	
upplement : Sequence a Genome	1000	aa				100
Enseignement complémentaire : Séquençage d'un génome	1.1-1	14	10	Engel P., van der Meer J.	1,5	999
dvanced Population Genetics			<u></u>		a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	1999
Génétique des populations avancée	14	6	-	Malaspinas AS.	3	
ioinformatic Algorithms						
Algorithmes de bioinformatique	15	15	-	Dessimoz C., Gfeller D.	3	
omputational Thinking in BioMedicine						
Approche computationnelle en biomédecine	7	-	7	Ciriello G.	1,5	
volution of Genome Architecture (MSc BEC)	+					
Evolution de l'architecture du génome (MSc BEC)	7	7	-	Arguello R.	1,5	
Idustrial Bioinformatics						
	14	-	-	Xenarios I.	1,5	
Bioinformatique industrielle						
hylogeny and Comparative Methods (MSc BEC)	7	14	-	Salamin N.	1,5	
Phylogénie et méthodes comparatives (MSc BEC)		_				
opulation Genetics and Dynamics (MSc BEC) Génétique et dynamique des populations (MSc BEC)	7	10	-	Goudet J.	1,5	
	_			Demokrad D. Harran D.		
nti-Infective Agents	14	-	-	Sanglard D., Hauser P., Croxatto A., Ciuffi A.	1,5	
Agents anti-infectieux						
acterial Virulence and Pathogenesis	14	-	-	Greub G., Hauser P.,	1,5	
Virulence bactérienne et pathogenèse				Jacquier N.		
hromosome Organization and Dynamics	4	10	-	Gruber S.	1,5	
Organisation et dynamique des chromosomes						
nvironmental Microbiology	14	-	-	van der Meer J.	1,5	
Microbiologie environnementale				Blance D. Haussen D. Manual O.		
pidemiology of Human Pathogens	14	-	-	Blanc D., Hauser P., Manuel O., Meylan P., Sanglard D., Senn L.	1,5	
Epidémiologie de pathogènes humains		_				
icrobes as Tools in Experimental Biology	10	4	-	Sanglard D., Ciuffi A.	1,5	
Les microbes comme outils de biologie expérimentale		_		Outil A.		
		10		Martin S., Collier J.	1,5	
	4	10				
icrobial Cytoskeleton - A Scientific Writing Class Cytosquelette microbien - écriture scientifique iral Pathogenesis and Emerging Viruses	4	10		Kunz S., Gouttenoire J.,	.,=	

Total

Spring Semester (semester 2) and Autumn Semester (semester 3)

JLE 4	Course / Enseignement				
MODI	Master Thesis Travail de Master	Thesis Director	45		
*	Students can choose some courses of the Master of Science (MSc) in Behaviour, Evolution and Conservation (max 3 ECTS creation and Conservation (max 3 ECTS))	lits)			
**	Only students who choose a master project with animal experimentation are allowed to select this course				

SEQUENCE A GENOME (PART II)

Philipp Engel

	С	Obl		English	14
	S	3.00			
	E	Obl		English	28
	S				
N:	Master				
P:	Sequence a	a genome I (comp	ulsory)		
0:	The goals of the second part of this class are to learn how to carry out a comparative genome analysis. Groups of three students will work on different analysis project. At the end of the course the students will present their results to the other groups, try to integrate the different results and relate it to the biology of the organisms in question.				

C: Following up on the first semester, students will carry out a comparative genome analysis covering various aspects

such as: - Comparison of genome structures

- Inferring genome-wide phylogenetic trees
- Identifying clade-specific gene families
- Assessing gene family evolution
- Identifying mobile genetic elements
- Inferring gene functions by homology and literature search
- Working in a team and integrating results with other groups
- Writing and presenting the results

I: http://www.unil.ch/sequenceagenome/

WRITE A FELLOWSHIP

Richard Benton

С	Obl	English	7
S	3.00		

N: Master

O: - Construct meaningful hypotheses in the context of a particular open question in the field (typically related to the master project of the student)

- Develop an experimental strategy that tests these hypotheses
- Formulate this experimental strategy in the form of a grant application
- Present your work in a concise oral presentation
- Appreciate the granting system used to fund biological research

C: The student writes a research proposal that is typically addressing questions in the research area related to his/her master project. The research proposal has to follow precise guidelines. The student is closely supervised by his/ her master supervisor who serves as the tutor for this course. The written proposal and a short oral presentation are both evaluated.

LIST OF COURSES

GENOMICS, PROTEOMICS AND QUANTITATIVE GENETICS

Paul Franken

С	Opt	English, French	24
S	3.00		

N: Master

- O: Get acquainted with the various experimental approaches and technologies to address fundamental principles of gene and genome function
- C: This course consists of four main components. Together these components introduce and give an overview of functional genomics from gene transcription to the protein, and, finally, the phenotype. Besides providing a background, the techniques applied in the various approaches will be emphasized.
 - 1. Genomic technologies and applications:
 - Sequencing technologies; from Sanger to Gattaca (history, technical principles, limitations, evolution, and future)
 - Technical discussion about genomics applications, their interests and limitations
 - 2. Epigenetics and Chromatin structure:
 - What is epigenetics?
 - Dynamics of chromatin structure
 - Pros and cons of the techniques utilized to quantify and identify chromatin modifications
 - 3. Proteomics:

- Introduction to expression proteomics (analysis of protein expression levels and their changes) and functional proteomics (functional relationships between proteins)

- Introduction to separation techniques (liquid chromatography, 2D electrophoresis, mass spectrometry), typical workflows in which these techniques can be applied, and bioinformatics analysis

- Discussion of the potential and limitations of the proteomics approach to study complex biological systems 4. Analysis of Quantitative Traits:

- Introduction into quantitative genetics and statistical issues related to mapping of Quantitative Trait Loci (QTL)
- Mapping strategies in humans and in model and non-model organisms
- Introduction to Systems Genetics
- Introduction to the use of a QTL mapping tool; WebQTL

C: Leaf energetics and herbivore diets, physical defenses, coevolution of leaves and stomachs, molecular targets of leaf defense chemicals, the growth/defence dilemma Note: this is an interactive, question-based course requiring active participation

B: Fourni sur MyUNIL avant et durant le cours

PLANT AND ANIMAL DOMESTICATION : FROM HISTORY TO MOLECULAR MECHANISMS

Christian Hardtke

E	Opt	English	12
S			
-	A (English	12
С	Opt	LIIGIISII	12
CS	3.00		12

P: BSc level understanding of genetics.

O: Provide an overview of the genetic diversity present in species and how this was used by mankind in the process of domestication.

Learn how to orally present a scientific paper about this topic to your fellow master & bachelor students.

C: - A brief history of agriculture

- Genetic basis underlying the diversity in species

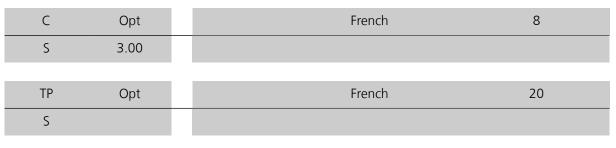
- Methods used by humans to select plant and animal varieties used in agriculture

- How can major domestication traits be identified?

- Examples of domestication traits such as behaviour, seed shattering, taste (e.g. bitterness in cucumber), altitude adaptation, latitude adaptation, requirement for vernalization.

SCIENTIFIC COMMUNICATION - SCIENTIFIC HANDS-ON WORKSHOP MODULE

Alain Kaufmann, Philippe Reymond



N: Master

LTK1 MODULE : TRAINING IN ANIMAL EXPERIMENTATION

Marie-Christine Broillet

С	Opt	English	20
S	1.50		
TP	Opt	English	20
TP S	Opt	English	20

O: Learning outcomes

To acquire the practical and theoretical skills with laboratory animals as requested by legislation (Swiss ordinance N° 455.171.2, October 1998) to get the accreditation to perform animal experimentation delivered by the Federal Veterinary Office.

This course (20h theory + 20h practical) will be recognized by the Swiss federal veterinary office to undertake animal experiments.

- C: What is animal experimentation?
 - Any interventions in which live animals are used to :
 - Test a scientific hypothesis in various fields (behavior, neurology, metabolism, immunology, cardiovascular...)
 - Verify the effects of a particular procedure on an animal
 - Test a substance (pharmacology, toxicology...)
 - Collect or examine cells, organs or body fluids
 - Education, training and continuing education
 - Choosing an appropriate animal model
 - Before an animal model is chosen, investigators must consider alternatives to the use of live animals (3Rs)
 - Investigators must consider all factors when selecting the best model for research

Who is concerned by this module?

This training module is relevant to all students working with animals during their master project.

Conditions for registration to this module:

- The host laboratory must have permission to work with animals

- Students must be announced to the cantonal veterinary office

DESIGN AND BUILD A SYNTHETIC BIOLOGICAL SYSTEM II (IGEM PROJECT)

Yolanda Schaerli

С	Opt	English	8
S			
E	Opt	English	16
S			

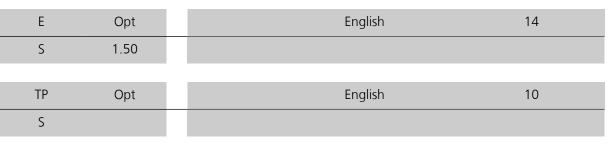
N: Master

- P: No prior knowledge of synthetic biology is required. You need to be highly motivated and you are expected to work on the iGEM project during the summer break (which can give 3 additional ECTS credits). Please be also aware that there will additional workload in the autumn semester (which can give 1 additional ECTS credit) to prepare for the Giant Jamboree. Please note that the number of ECTS credits and the actual workload are disconnected. Participants: minimum 4, maximum 12; students will be selected based on their application file (available here: https://www.yschaerli.com/iGEM.html).
- O: This course is for students who want to take part at the International Genetically Engineered Machine (iGEM) competition (www.igem.org). This is a worldwide synthetic biology competition. Synthetic Biology is an emerging interdisciplinary field combining aspects of molecular biology, systems biology, biotechnology, genetic engineering, computer science and many more to improve our understanding of biological systems and to create useful tools to solve everyday problems. The UNIL team can be composed of Bachelor and Master students in biology and other disciplines.
 - By the end of the course, you are expected to be able to:
 - Discuss the definition of synthetic biology
 - Discuss tools and approaches used for engineering biological systems
 - Discuss the societal implications of synthetic biology
 - Develop a project and plan on how to execute it
 - Conduct independent experiments in a research (wet or dry) lab and document them
 - Present and defend a research project in front of a panel of international judges
 - Work in a multidisciplinary team
 - Show initiative, creativity, critical thinking and leadership skills
- C: During the first part of the course you will get a short introduction to synthetic biology, with a focus on microbial system. Next, you will brainstorm for project ideas from which the team will choose one. The team will then model and ultimately build the proposed genetically engineered machine in the wet-lab during the summer. In addition to carry out the project, the competition involves many elements such as fund raising, design a team logo, organise outreach activities, get into contact with stakeholders affected by your project, document your project on a dedicated homepage, prepare a poster and a presentation. You will also have the opportunity to interact with other Swiss iGEM teams and to present your project at the Giant Jamboree in Boston (USA) October 28 November 2, 2020, where you will meet other teams around the world. (Travel costs will be covered).

I: https://www.yschaerli.com/iGEM.html

SUPPLEMENT : SEQUENCE A GENOME

Philipp Engel



N: Master

ADVANCED POPULATION GENETICS

Anna Sapfo Malaspinas

С	Opt	English	14
S	3.00		
E	Opt	English	6
S			

N: Master

O: The course will provide an introduction to the coalescent, a fundamental theory in population genetics. Moreover, we will review some recent findings based on genomic data about the dispersals of anatomically modern humans across the world. Course's objectives:
A. Understand some basic concepts in coalescent theory For instance:
What is a coalescent tree?
How long are its "branches"?
How can it be used to make predictions about the demographic history?
B. Get an idea (through selected literature) about how coalescent theory has been used to reconstruct the human past.

B: Textbooks:

Wakeley J. 2008. Coalescent Theory: An Introduction. 1st Edition edition. Greenwood Village, Colo.: Roberts and Company Publishers

Stoneking M. 2016. An Introduction to Molecular Anthropology. 1 edition. Hoboken, New Jersey: Wiley-Blackwell Selected literature for oral presentation

Intro: Genomics and reconstructing the human past:

1. Nielsen, R. et al. Tracing the peopling of the world through genomics. Nature 541, 302-310 (2017). Archaic admixture and genomics (and coalescent theory):

2. Green, R. E. et al. A Draft Sequence of the Neandertal Genome. Science 328, 710-722 (2010). Archaic admixture and coalescent theory:

3. Nordborg, M. On the probability of Neanderthal ancestry. Am J Hum Genet 63, 1237-1240 (1998).

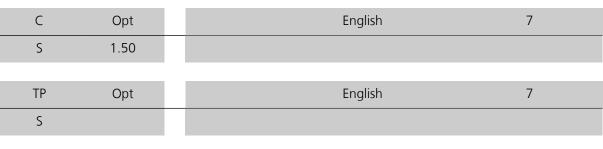
BIOINFORMATIC ALGORITHMS

Christophe Dessimoz

С	Opt	English	15
S	3.00		
E	Opt	English	15
S			

COMPUTATIONAL THINKING IN BIOMEDICINE

Giovanni Ciriello



EVOLUTION OF GENOME ARCHITECTURE

Roman Arguello

	С	Opt		English	7
	S	1.50			
	E	Opt		English	7
	S				
N:	Master				
P:	Evolutionary biology, some statistics that involve probabilistic reasoning, basic molecular biology				

O: - To investigate several of the outstanding topics in genome/molecular evolution
 - To develop familiarity with several of the current debates within the field
 - To develop familiarity with quantitative/computation approaches to addressing questions within the field

C: Primary literature (reviews and reports), simulation software, computational approaches

INDUSTRIAL BIOINFORMATICS

Ioannis Xenarios

С	Opt	English	14
S	1.50		

PHYLOGENY AND COMPARATIVE METHODS

Nicolas Salamin

	С	Opt		English	7		
	S	1.50					
	E	Opt		English	14		
	S						
N:	Master						
P:	none						
O:	Phylogenetic reconstruction methods and their application in evolutionary biology. To know and understand phylogenetic reconstruction methods in order to test the processes leading to genes and organisms evolution.						
C:							
B:	Felsenstein, J. 2003. Inferring phylogenies. Sinauer Associates.						

Page, R. 2003. Tangled trees: Phylogeny, cospeciation, and coevolution. University of Chicago Press.
 Purvis, A., Gittleman, J.L. and Brooks, T. 2005. Phylogeny and conservation. Cambridge University Press.
 Swofford, D.L., Olsen, G.K., Waddell, P.J. and Hillis, D.M. 1996. Phylogeny reconstruction. Pages 407-514 In Molecular Systematics (D.M. Hillis, C. Moritz, B.K. Mable, eds.). Sinauer Associates.
 Yang, Z.H. 2006. Computational Molecular Evolution. Oxford University Press.

I: http://www.unil.ch/phylo/teaching/pmc.html

POPULATION GENETICS AND DYNAMICS

Jérôme Goudet

	С	Opt		English	7	
	S	1.50				
_						
	E	Opt		English	10	
	S					
N:	Master					
P:	A good grasp of the principles of population genetics and population dynamics (i.e. at least an introductory course in both)					
0:	Gain an understanding of how genetics and genomics interact with demographic and selective processes. website: http://www2.unil.ch/popgen/teaching/PGD18					
C:	In the first part of the course, selected papers from the recent literature are presented by students and discussed in a journal club format. In the second part, in groups of 2-3 students you will use computer simulations and the quantiNemo program to investigate questions such as:					

-efficacy of selection in the face of gene flow? -effect of the number of loci encoding a trait on the speed of

adaptation -is neutral diversity a good proxy for adaptive diversity?

I: http://www2.unil.ch/popgen/teaching/PGD18/

ANTI-INFECTIVE AGENTS Dominique Sanglard C Opt English 14

С	Opt	English	14
S	1.50		
: Master			

O: Description:

N:

The aims of this class is to understand the mode of action and resistance to principal anti-infective agents used for the therapy of infectious diseases. Diverse classes of agents will be discussed which are used to combat bacterial, viral, fungal and parasitic infections. The molecular basis of resistance to these agents will be also illustrated by several examples.

The class is also associates with paper reading and presentations

Learning outcomes:

- to learn about the mode of actions of anti-infective agents
- to learn about molecular resistance mechanisms developing in microbial pathogens.

C: Part Ciuffi: Antiviral agents (2h) Part Anthony Croxatto and Hauser: antibacterial and antiparasitic agents (4 each); paper discussion and presentation Part Sanglard: Antifungal agents (3h)

BACTERIAL VIRULENCE AND PATHOGENESIS

Gilbert Greub



CHROMOSOME ORGANIZATION AND DYNAMICS

Stephan Gruber

	E	Opt	English	10		
	S					
_						
	С	Opt	English	4		
	S	1.50				
N:	Master					
P:	None					
0:	 Getting to know a new technology for chromosome and genome biology: «chromosome conformation capture» Familiarize with main «chromosome architecture proteins» in theory and practice (TP) 					
C:						

I: see my.unil.ch/cours

EN	ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY			-	an Roelof van der Meer
	С	Opt		English	14
	S	1.50			
N:	Master				
P:	none.				
0:	The goal of this class is to develop a small literature project independently on a topic of choice in environmental				

microbiology.

C: The topics of this class are chosen by the students individually, in discussion with the class tutor.

LIST OF COURSES

EPIDEMIOLOGY OF HUMAN PATHOGENS

Dominique Blanc

С	Opt	English	14
S	1.50		

N: Master

O: Acquire principles of epidemiology by the study of several examples of pathogens. Knowledge on molecular typing methods and their applications. Knowledge on bacterial population genetics.

C: General concepts. Molecular typing in epidemiology. Bacterial population genetics.
 Viral infections: relation between the host range, timing of infection, mode of infection and the resulting epidemiology.
 Epidemiology of Staphylococcus aureus.
 Epidemiology of Pneumocystis.

Epidemiology of Candida.

MICROBES AS TOOLS IN EXPERIMENTAL BIOLOGY

Dominique Sanglard

С	Opt	English	10
S	1.50		
E	Opt	English	4
S			

N: Master

O: The general aim of this class is to get detailed knowledge on the use of microbial systems (including viruses, bacteria and yeast) as tools in several fields of experimental biology (microbial pathogenesis, genetic engineering applications, gene therapy).

The class is associated with reading and presentations of paper related to this topic.

C: Part Ciuffi

Description :

The aim of this class is to open up your mind and make you think out of the box, thereby making you look at viruses beyond their pathogenicity and more as potential tools that can be used for many diverse applications. To appreciate the potential of viruses as tools in molecular biology, this class will give you a non-exhaustive list of applications in which viruses are used as tools.

Examples will include the use of viruses as pesticides, gene delivery vehicles, vaccines, tools in gene expression studies and in cellular biology studies.

Learning outcomes :

- To realize that viruses are not only pathogens.

- To realize that viruses can be used as tools in multiple applications.

- To understand that fundamental knowledge about viruses can be useful for secondary applications.

- To appreciate the diversity of viruses and their differences in replication, and thus the diversity of applications in which they can be exploited.

- To identify the viral steps that can be manipulated. To know how to manipulate these viral steps and why.

- To appreciate impact of viruses in the current society.

Part Sanglard

Description:

The aims of this class is to show the importance of genetic screens for the identification of novel biological functions related to microbial virulence and to therapeutic targets. Specifically, the aims are the following:

- To understand how genetic screens can contribute to identify virulence factors in bacteria and yeast.

- To show how genetic screens can serve the identification of genes involved in the recognition of fungal PAMP by the immune system.

- To show how genetic screens can contribute to identify novel therapeutic targets in pathogenic yeast. Learning outcomes:

- To appreciate how methodologies can be employed in genetic screens.

- To realize how bacterial and yeast genetics can address and solve biological problems.

MICROBIAL CYTOSKELETON - A SCIENTIFIC WRITING CLASS

Sophie Martin

	E	Opt		English	10	
	S					
	С	Opt		English	4	
	S	1.50				
N:	Master					
D:	A good knowledge of molecular and cellular biology Bachelor-level courses. Curiosity for cellular processes.					

O: The objectives of this course are to:

gain general knowledge on the organisation and function of the cytoskeleton in prokaryotes and eukaryotes
 learn to read scientific articles in a critical manner, by discussing the strong and weak points of each article.
 train de writing of scientific texts.

- C: The course will introduce the following topics:
 - general principles of the actin and microtubule cytoskeleton
 - cytoskeletal dynamics (dynamic instability and treadmilling)
 - motor proteins
 - organisation and role of the cytoskeleton in bacteria
 - organisation and role of the cytoskeleton in eukaryotic cells (several themes will be covered, depending on the choice of the articles to be discussed, for instance: mitotic spindle, cell division, cell polarity,...)

The exercises will consist of the reading of scientific articles and writing of their summary, including a session of summary correction and writing exercises.

B: Les papiers à lire et discuter seront annoncés lors du premier cours

VIRAL PATHOGENESIS AND EMERGING VIRUSES

Angela Teresa Ciuffi

	С	Opt		English	14
	S	1.50			
N:	Master				
P:	Course Virologie BSc. 5th semester Course Virus-Host Interactions, Master MLS 7th semester				
0:	The course will cover fundamental principles of viral pathogenesis at the molecular, systemic, and population level. An introductory block will address the basic principles of viral pathogenesis and introduce major human pathogenic viruses. This will be followed by individual blocks given by experts in the field that cover the pathogenesis of major human viral diseases, including viral hepatitis (Gouttenoire), human retroviruses (Ciuffi), and emerging human				

pathogenic viruses (Moreno) discussing landmark papers in the field. A last block will illustrate the power of

genome screening approaches to identify host factors that confer susceptibility to viral infection and play a role in pathogenesis (Ciuffi).
C: Teaching: Angela Ciuffi, Jérôme Gouttenoire, Hector Moreno Basic concepts in viral pathogenesis (H. Moreno) Major human pathogenic viruses and emerging viral diseases (H. Moreno) Viral hepatitis (J. Gouttenoire) Human retroviral infections (A. Ciuffi) Genome screening approaches in viral infectious diseases (A. Ciuffi) Introductory lectures will be given by the teachers.

Landmark papers will be presented by students and discussed in the group.

B: Viral Pathogenesis and Immunity. Nathanson, N. (Ed), 2nd Ed. 2007, Academic Press.

www.unil.ch