

# Modularising Multilingual and Multicultural Academic Communication Competence for BA and MA level (2011-2014)

# MAGICC 1<sup>st</sup> feedback and dissemination event University of Algarve, Faro, PT, 1 February 2013



Presentation of MAGICC Project and objectives of the event

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#### **Structure**

- General objectives of meeting
- MAGICC project and consortuim
- Background of project
- Reference points, approach and work packages
- Towards the conceptual framework
- Structure of the MAGICC conceptual framework







#### GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF MEETING





## Objectives of the meeting

- Inform a wider audience of the project and its interim results
- Get feedback and input for improvement on the work as part of the quality plan of the project







#### MAGICC PROJECT AND CONSORTIUM





#### MAGICC - www.magicc.eu

# Modularising Multilingual and Multicultural Academic Communication Competence for BA and MA level



# LLP 2011 - ERASMUS, Multilateral Projects 4. Support to the modernisation agenda for higher education 3-year programme (2011 -2014)





## **MAGICC Project partners 1**

## MAGICC consortium: 9 partner organisations from 7 European countries, 25 members:

- P1 Université de Lausanne / University of Lausanne, CH
- P2 Jyväskylän yliopisto / University of Jyväskylä, FI
- P3 The Open University, UK
- P4 Rijksuniversiteit Groningen / University of Groningen, NL
- P5 Universidade do Algarve / University of Algarve, PT
- P6 Politechnika Poznanska / Poznan University of Technology, PL
- P8 Université de Fribourg / University of Fribourg, CH
- P10 Universität Bremen / University of Bremen, DE
- P11 Freie Universität Berlin / Free University of Berlin, DE
- External evaluator: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Maria Stoicheva, Sofia University "St. Kliment Ohridski" (BG)
- Associated partner: European Centre for Modern Languages of the Council of Europe (ECML)







#### **BACKGROUND OF PROJECT**





#### Starting point of project 1: New qualification goals for the EHEA

#### Bologna process: modernisation agenda of the EHEA

- New qualification goals for the 3 cycles one of them: "can communicate ..
  - First cycle (BA): information, ideas, problems and solutions to both specialist and non-specialist audiences
  - Second cycle (MA): their conclusions, and the knowledge and rationale underpinning these, to specialist and non-specialist audiences clearly and unambiguously"

A Framework for Qualifications of the European Higher Education Area: 2005, pp. 66-68

→ Implementation of Bologna process: this competence has not yet been considered in depth nor applied systematically





# Starting point of project 2: Knowledge construction and multillingual and multicultural competence

Ability to communicate is described separately, but other goals are related to language and communication competences

#### **⇒** Bologna cycle descriptors

- Knowledge and understanding
- Applying knowledge and understanding
- Making judgements
- Communication skills
- Learning skills

Learning to become an academic expert requires language, because it is through language that knowledge is constructed and mediated, and afterwards communicated to and shared with others.

Räsänen/Natri (2012): MAGICC WP 1 Synthesis report





## Starting point of project 3: Internationalisation and multilingual and multicultural competence

#### Changes:

- Increase in number of heterogenous groups
- New language(s) for learning (prerequiste level B2+ at entry conceptual level language use)
- Differences in knowledge construction due to new languages or mix of languages
- New intercultural communication competences / new strategies

Räsänen, 2012

## Adequate multilingual and multicultural academic communication competence and strategies for students and graduates are essential

- As a resource for managing diversity
  - As a guarantee of diversity







# REFERENCE POINTS, APPROACH, EXPECTED RESULTS





## Reference points 1: EHEA quality criteria

#### Integration of Bologna quality criteria:

- Social relevance: take into account academic and non-academic stakeholders' needs
- Action orientation: ability to act effectively in multilingual and multicultural situations
- Learner centered perspective of lifelong learning: learning process
- Transnational readability and comparability: non-specialist understands what a student is able to do and how well he can do it
- Maintenance of diversity





## Reference points 2: theoretical basis

Individual multilingual competence means: being competent, at different levels and different types of competences, in more than two languages:

- It includes all languages, also the mother tongue
- Languages are not separated from each other but are in a complex interrelationship multilingual repertory which in its entirety represents a resource in order to be able to act in diverse use situations (no monolingual approach)
- It is always used and constructed by and within social interaction
- It is composed of a dynamic and complex ensemble of constantly evolving components





## **MAGICC** approach 2

- Explore the emerging, still under-conceptualised domain of multilingual and multicultural learning:
  - aiming at using and expanding the multilingual repertory of a student in its entirety
  - addressing issues related to communication in multilingual und multicultural settings as opposed to monolingual regimes
- Diversity versus lingua franca (English) English part of a wider plurilingual and pluricultural profile





## **MAGICC** approach 2

- Abandon the search for a homogeneous level in only one language and monolingual approaches (construction of multilingual profiles of the individual learner (comparative approaches, intercomprehension strategie, CLIL/bi-tri-lingual scenarios)
- Collaboration between languages take into account in the learning process the links between languages: multilingual and alternative models of assessment





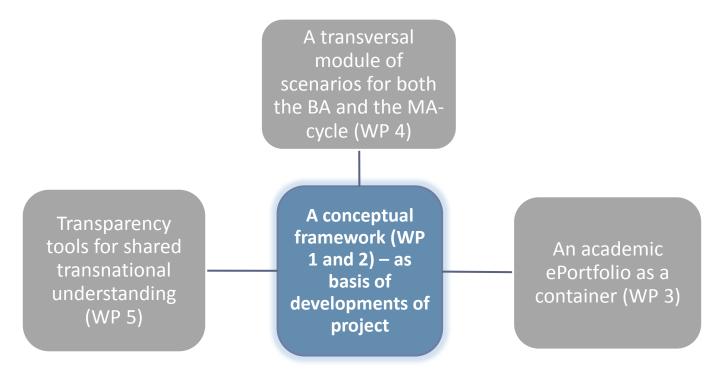
## **MAGICC** approach 3

- Build on European reference documents
  - Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)
  - The CoE pioneer work in language portfolios
- Draw on relevant institutional, national and European projects (LanQua, TNPs,....)
- Create complementary tools for the CEFR
  - specific to the needs and aims of higher education
  - enhance transparency and comparability aimed at rendering academic communication competence acknowledgeable for internal and external stakeholders.





#### **Expected outcomes of the project**



#### **Including consultation with key stakeholders**

Implementation strategies of the module in different partner institutions





#### Work package: WP 3

Jürgen Friedrich, DE

Expanding the features of the Council of Europe's European Language Portfolio to match new needs in Higher Education (self-assessment tools, structured dossier, discussion forum) Design of an ePortfolio structure and building Containing all elements developed a container for the during the project module of scenarios and tools Improving the visibility and recognition of the specific nature of academic communication competences in relation to employability





#### Work package: WP 4

Maria Luisa Perez Cavana, UK

Design of module with a set of scenarios for the development of academic communication competence

Including innovative and effective types of activities and tasks for developing students' multilingual and multicultural core communication competences for academic and professional purposes

Aligned assessment forms and criteria as a basis for reflective practice in assessment





### Work package: WP 5

Estelle Meima and Jeroen van Engen, NL

Development of supplementary transparency tools for shared transnational understanding

Set of calibrated performance samples for level definition and international standardisation

Procedures for marking to improve the quality of broad forms of assessment in order to improve recognition by other universities and employers

Generic certificate for modules







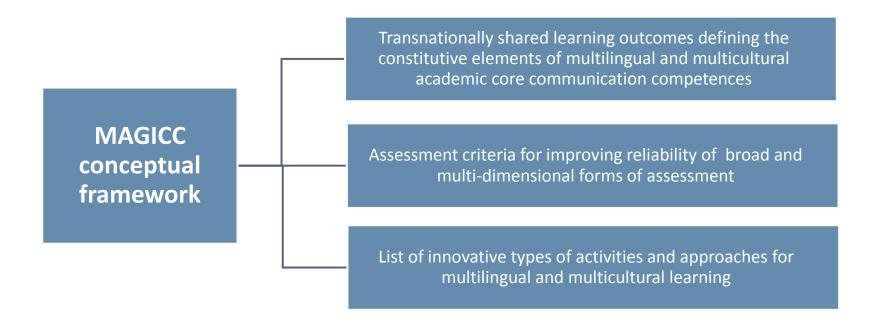
# TOWARDS THE CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK





#### Towards the MAGICC conceptual framework

Anne Räsänen and Teija Natri, Fl



Cooperation with key stakeholders (needs)





## **Toward the conceptual framework 2**

#### 1st step: desk research on three axes (template) carried out in early 2012:

- Innovative initiatives and practices, existing tools in the area in partner institutions
- Relevant national and European projects
- The Council of Europe's "Common European Framework of Reference for Languages" (CEFR) and complementary studies and tools for the CEFR developed under the auspices of the Council of Europe
- Mapping the field and establishing the state of the art (existing/missing elements)

Räsänen/Natri (2012): Synthesis report on data collected in WP1: www.magicc.eu





## Towards the conceptual framework 4

## 2<sup>nd</sup> step: consultation of key stakeholders for relevance of learning outcomes

- Guided interviews with employer, student, and faculty representatives on the basis of a questionnaire (elaborated on the basis of the results of WP1)
- The interviews are conducted at the nine partner institutions of the MAGICC project (Oct.-Nov. 2012)
- Same set of learning outcomes, related to:
  - > Receptive and productive academic communication competences
  - Employability skills
  - Multilingual/multicultural strategies and competence
  - Lifelong learning skills learner autonomy
  - Work-related language and communication skills





## Stakeholder consultation 2: guided interviews

Please rate how important the following competences are for your students and in which language(s). Please also rate during which university cycle the skills for these competences should be developed. (Language 1 refers to the local language of instruction.)

Language 1 _	
Language 2 _	
Language 3 _	
Language 4 _	

#### Importance Cycle during which to be developed

1 = not important BA = Bachelor's studies

2 = not very important MA = Master's studies

3 = quite important BO = Both cycles

4 = very important N/A = not applicable





## Results of consultation process

#### The different student/faculty/employer representatives consider:

- that the academic and work related language and communication competences are relevant and necessary in at least 2 (and up to 4) different languages
- that both the multilingual and multicultural strategies and competences and the lifelong learning skills are relevant and necessary
- that these competences should be developed during BA and/or MA level

WP2 Synthesis report on the outcomes of interviews with stakeholders: www.magicc.eu







# STRUCTURE OF DRAFT CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK





## Structure of Draft 1 conceptual framework

1. Rationale, definitions, objectives, minimum entry levels, relevance to cycles

2. Conceptual framework: core multilingual and multicultural academic communication competences, skills and strategies and assessment criteria

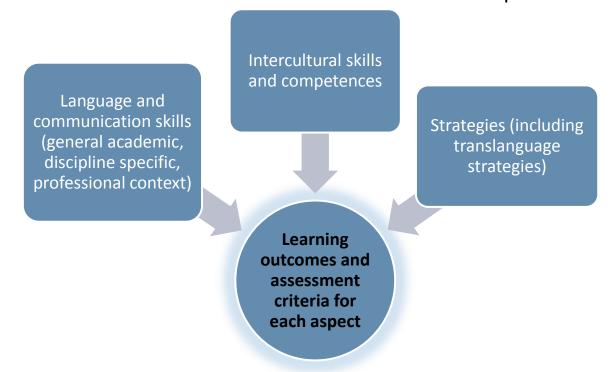
3. Scenarios, standardisation, assessment, activities





# Core multilingual and multicultural academic communication competences, skills and strategies and assessment criteria

Based on CEFR categories but: **Integration** of the different aspects of multilingual and multicultural academic communication competences:



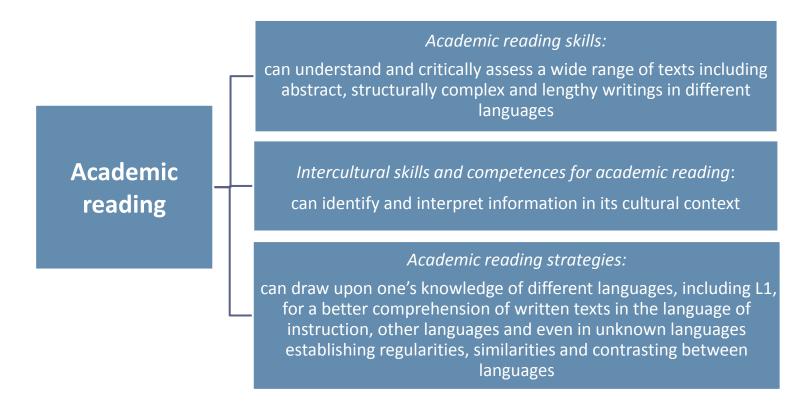
For academic reading, listening, spoken interaction, spoken production, writing skills, independent learning and examination skills





### **Learning outcomes**

Statement of what a learner is expected to know, understand and/or be able to demonstrate after completion of a process of learning







#### **Assessment criteria**

What requirements must be met, how something should be done (e.g. a presentation), what should/should not be present (e.g. conventions) etc.

#### **MAGICC** assessment criteria:

- Based on existing frameworks where possible (CEFR, INCA) but adapted to HE, some are specifically created
- Adopt a communication point of view: e.g. effect on target reader, function
- Are generic, allow to cover various text types and activities
- → will be defined at basic, intermediate and advanced level and where possible in relation to reference levels





#### Communicative language activities: example writing

Macro-readability-Guidance of reader, accessibility

- Format conventions
- Visual organisation

Topic content: Content

- Information points covered
- Relevance

Thematic development: Text structure

- Logical organisation
- Coherence and cohesion

Micro-readability I: Grammatical accuracy

- Syntax, Form, Range of structures
- Spelling, Punctuation

Micro-readability II: Vocabulary control and range

- Appropriateness, Register and style
- Range

Overall communicative quality: Capture and maintain attention

- Ease
- Originality





### Assessement criteria- Intercultural competence

based on: http://www.incaproject.org/framework.htm

#### Openness

- Respect for otherness: ability to look at all customs and values from a distance, regarding them at the same time as worthwhile in their own right
- *Tolerance of ambiguity:* ability to accept ambiguity and lack of clarity and deal with it constructively

#### Knowledge

- Knowledge discovery: ability to acquire and actually use cultural knowledge
- *Empathy:* ability to intuitively understand what other people think and how they feel

#### Adaptability

- Behavioural flexibility: ability to adapt one's own behaviour to different requirements and situations),
- Communicative awareness: ability to identify and consciously work with communicative convention

Lenz & Berthele 2010, Assessment in Plurilingual and Intercultural Education, p. 10





## **Assessement criteria - strategies**

Strategies and assessment criteria related to each communicative activity and to independent learning and examination skills

## Background awareness

 Reading: ability to show awareness and understanding of the potential of one's own multilingual and multicultural profile and prior knowledge for effective reading and diversified knowledge building

#### Effectiveness

• *Reading:* ability to apply a variety of appropriate strategies for academic reading in a multilingual and multicultural context in relation to specific purposes

## Assessment and reflection

- Reading: ability to analyze and assess own achievement
- Reading: ability to reflect on one's own reading strategies in order to improve them





## Input from selected experts in different fields

#### 1. Specialists in different domains (Panel 1):

Social relevance of the competences outlined in the conceptual framework: in relation to quality, mobility, student employablity, regional, national, European and international labour markets, academic success and institutional image

#### 2. Specialists in the area of languages (Panel 2):

Feedback on approach: structure of the framework, competences and assessment criteria described, documentation of student's competence

#### 3. All participants (workshop):

Recommendations and advice for the project







## THANK YOU



